

科目：

英文

系所組：歷史學系

**I. General Vocabulary and Structures. Each of the following is provided with four choices. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. (30%)**

1. Five years \_\_\_\_\_, Mr. Wang started a successful business in Taipei.  
A) ago            B) then            C) since            D) after
2. When the new computer system is set up, it \_\_\_\_\_ accounts to be managed on the internet.  
A) are allowing    B) allows            C) will allow            D) will be going to allow
3. They \_\_\_\_\_ to build an addition to their hotel to accommodate the many guests.  
A) must            B) ought            C) should            D) have to
4. The company thought the shipment \_\_\_\_\_ in time for the holiday season.  
A) can arrive    B) is arriving    C) will arrive            D) would arrive
5. \_\_\_\_\_ the unsuccessful summer season, the manager wants to go ahead with new plans.  
A) Because        B) Although        C) Due                D) Despite
6. If you have an advanced degree, there are \_\_\_\_\_ more job opportunities available to you.  
A) seldom        B) many            C) few                D) too many
7. Look \_\_\_\_\_ these statistics and tell me if you think they are accurate.  
A) beneath        B) from            C) at                 D) under
8. The passengers were \_\_\_\_\_ of the flight's delay.  
A) expecting     B) notified        C) announced        D) saying
9. He has to finish the meeting and get to the airport \_\_\_\_\_ 6 p.m.  
A) to              B) on                C) until                D) by
10. \_\_\_\_\_ people who love their work need time to relax and enjoy themselves.  
A) Also            B) Although        C) Even                D) Despite
11. In a note to all managers, the employees \_\_\_\_\_ more flexible working hours.  
A) inquired        B) asked            C) said                D) requested
12. According to recent reports, the economic situation is not \_\_\_\_\_ serious as many experts think.  
A) very            B) as                C) that                D) too
13. Even the \_\_\_\_\_ efficient workers make mistakes sometimes.  
A) best            B) most            C) mostly            D) more
14. She really \_\_\_\_\_ to learn to control her temper in the office.  
A) has            B) have            C) hasn't            D) having
15. The new office will be located in the second floor, \_\_\_\_\_ the elevators.  
A) into            B) opposite        C) over                D) against

※ 注意：1. 考生須在「彌封答案卷」上作答。

2. 本試題紙空白部份可當稿紙使用。

3. 考生於作答時可否使用計算機、法典、字典或其他資料或工具，以簡章之規定為準。

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**II. Cloze (historical reading). Each blank in the following passage is provided with four possible choices. Choose the best answer for each blank. (20%).**

For most people, studying in a foreign country is a fascinating yet challenging experience. \_\_\_16\_\_\_ one is privileged to encounter new sights and sounds of a different land, he or she must also deal with a new language, strange customs, and the anxiety often \_\_\_17\_\_\_ with culture shock. On the bright side, studying in a foreign country allows the student to \_\_\_18\_\_\_ his or her horizon. He or she gets to the opportunity to meet people, make new friends, see a different geography, and try new foods. On the other hand, studying in a foreign country can be an overwhelming \_\_\_19\_\_\_. Not only must one learn to find their way through the streets of a new city, one must also deal with the difficulty of communicating in a new language. However, as one's language ability becomes more \_\_\_20\_\_\_ and streets become more familiar, he or she can find a sense of adventure that he or she never will have at home.

16. A) Since                      B) Unless                      C) When                      D) While  
 17. A) associating              B) associate                      C) is associated              D) associated  
 18. A) broaden                      B) consist                      C) spare                      D) nourish  
 19. A) guilt                      B) obstacle                      C) feedback                      D) vision  
 20. A) proficient                      B) awkward                      C) ignorant                      D) genuine

There are not many countries that have as many convenience stores as Taiwan. Some foreigners like to joke that there is a 7-Eleven on every street corner. \_\_\_21\_\_\_ this is an exaggeration, it is true that you can shop for many things twenty-four hours a day. There are over three hundred 7-Eleven shops \_\_\_22\_\_\_ the country, so if you run out of milk or you want a quick snack you can easily find a 7-Eleven or one of the other stores like Okay, Family Mart, or Hi-Life. The shops are usually clean and bright and the food and other goods are neatly displayed. All of this is good for the customer, but \_\_\_23\_\_\_ in these shops cannot be easy, especially for those people for have to work the night shift. Imagine \_\_\_24\_\_\_ it must be like to start work at 11 p.m. every night! Also, the wages are very low, so most people only do this kind of work \_\_\_25\_\_\_ a short time.

21. A) Because                      B) When                      C) While                      D) If  
 22. A) throughout                      B) on                      C) over                      D) inside  
 23. A) living                      B) working                      C) cleaning                      D) existing  
 24. A) that                      B) who                      C) what                      D) how  
 25. A) for                      B) at                      C) in                      D) on

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**III. Reading comprehension: Answer the questions based on the text below. (20%)**

In May 1927, Charles Lindbergh became the first man to fly non-stop across the Atlantic Ocean from New York to Paris. This was a milestone in aviation history. In the years before his epic journey, Lindbergh had made hundreds of airmail delivery flights from St. Louis to various parts of the United States. It was on one of these flights that he conceived the idea of flying solo across the Atlantic. Flying alone, in all types of weather, he believed that he had the experience to succeed where others had failed. He named his aircraft the *Spirit of St. Louis* and supervised every detail of production and testing before the flight. Extra fuel tanks had to be fitted, which made the aircraft very difficult to fly. It was also extremely uncomfortable because the cockpit was small. But Lindbergh had great courage and determination and refused to give into fatigue on the long thirty-three and a half hour flight to Paris. The *Spirit of St. Louis* is on display in the National Air and Space Museum in Washington. Aviation has come a long way since Lindbergh's pioneering flight.

26. *Why is Charles Lindbergh famous?*  
A) He made hundreds of delivery flights in the U.S.  
B) He was an aviator  
C) He was the first to fly continuously from New York to Paris.  
D) He flew in all types of weather
27. *When is the one hundredth anniversary of Lindbergh's flight?*  
A) 2007  
B) 2037  
C) 2017  
D) 2027
28. *in line 2, the word "milestone" means:*  
A) A very important event  
B) A type of aircraft  
C) An airport near Paris  
D) A piece of rock
29. *The article implies that Lindbergh was:*  
A) Stubborn and unreasonable  
B) Reckless and careless  
C) Strong willed and independent  
D) Foolish and romantic
30. *What is the best title for this article?*  
A) One Man's Dream  
B) Lindbergh, The Great Aviator  
C) Flying Solo  
D) The First Non-Stop Flight

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**IV. Writing (30%)**

Answer the following questions with your own thoughts. Write your answer in paragraph form.

**What is your favorite book or article of history? What is it about? How has it influenced your thinking or understanding of history?**

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科目： 中國通史

系所組：歷史學系碩士班

- 一、 戰國時期，儒、墨二家並稱顯學。秦統一以後，墨家走向衰微，其原因為何？又儒家雖也遭受秦始皇的「焚書坑儒」，但數十年後，在漢武帝時期，不僅捲土重來，更定於一尊，成為此後二千餘年中國思想的主流，請論述漢武帝獨崇儒術的背景。(40 分)
- 二、 自隋煬帝創立科舉制度，直至清末廢除為止，長達一千餘年，對中國政治、社會和文化的影響極大。不過，學者對科舉與社會流動 (social mobility) 的關係，則提出不同的解釋，試評述之。(30 分)
- 三、 請說明晚清「通商口岸 (Treaty ports)」的開闢，對近代中國歷史的發展有何重大影響。(30 分)

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科目： 世界通史

系所組：歷史學系碩士班

- 一、請說明希臘化時代在亞洲的發展情況。(25%)
- 二、請論述十字軍東征時期東西方文化交流的特色。(25%)
- 三、請分析二十世紀「帝國主義」與「民族自決」這兩股勢力的關係與發展。(25%)
- 四、請以「反西方中心論」來反思近代以來的世界史觀。(25%)

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