

科目：語文能力-英文(選擇題號為01至25，每題2分，共50分)

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I. Select the best answer to complete the sentence.

1. The coach told the players that they wouldn't _____ the opposing team unless they improved.
(A) achieve (B) defend (C) beat (D) get used to
2. The company made Rick such a good offer that he couldn't _____ it.
(A) cut off (B) postpone (C) refuse (D) afford
3. Please stack the boxes _____ the wall leading up to the storage room.
(A) among (B) against (C) across (D) about
4. Fiona was quick to _____ but slow to accept negative feedback herself.
(A) designate (B) get into trouble (C) get away with (D) criticize
5. Please keep hold of your receipts if you want to be reimbursed for _____ incurred during business trips. (A) deposits (B) invoices (C) reductions (D) expenses
6. The government plans to _____ several changes in the fields of healthcare and social services.
(A) supplement (B) regard (C) implement (D) enclose
7. Passengers should store their _____ either under the seat in front of them or in the overhead compartments. (A) reservation (B) context (C) baggage (D) refund
8. Several employees have complained that the construction work outside is _____ with their ability to concentrate. (A) obscuring (B) confusing (C) rejecting (D) interfering
9. In accordance _____ the new company policy, any employees who arrive late will be evaluated poorly.
(A) with (B) from (C) after (D) by
10. A list of all the pieces in the _____ for tonight's orchestra performance can be found online.
(A) arrangement (B) detour (C) auditorium (D) program
11. _____ the damage is cleared away, the residents cannot return to their houses.
(A) Until (B) Since (C) During (D) Because of
12. When Mei Lin was an hour late, she realized that she _____ set her alarm.
(A) might have (B) couldn't have (C) should have (D) can't have
13. In a survey of 2,000 youths aged twelve to seventeen, twice as many said they could talk _____ to their mothers than to their fathers. (A) easy (B) easier (C) easily (D) more easily
14. The factory manager reports that currently all the machinery _____ at full capacity.
(A) will have been operated (B) was operating (C) had operated (D) is operating
15. All members are required to complete the health information form prior to _____ in any summer programs. (A) participate (B) participates (C) participated (D) participating
16. All employees who had donated to the fund drive _____ to a reception hosted by DC President Bill Russi in the Oakland Center conference room.
(A) invited (B) were invited (C) will invite (D) have invited
17. _____ during the typhoon, the bridge was the last remaining road crossing between the island and the mainland. (A) Destroys (B) Destroying (C) Destroyed (D) Destroy
18. Managers _____ team members do not meet the required standards must tackle the issue and not simply deny its existence. (A) who (B) which (C) whose (D) whom
19. Perhaps Ms. Sandes would not _____ at the way Neil tried to take over the whole thing if she had made the agenda clearer for the board meeting.
(A) having annoyed (B) have been annoyed (C) have annoyed (D) will annoy

II. Select the best answer to complete the text.

Dear Media Sonic,

Last month, I visited your store in Fremont, California to shop for a new home entertainment system. Thanks to the help of a very competent sales associate, Johnson Woods, I _____ (20) _____ exactly what I needed: The Deluxe Styling Audio Visual System.

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Johnson was very patient in answering my questions while explaining several technical issues in plain English that I could easily understand. Not only that, but _____ (21) pointed out that with a coupon from the day's newspaper, I could save 15% off the list price. Fortunately, I had a paper in my car, so I was able to save more than \$100, thanks to Johnson's suggestion.

The next day, the television and speakers were delivered to my home and quickly installed by two polite and professional technicians. I have been very pleased with the quality of the system, which has exceeded my expectations. I'd like to commend your company for making every _____ (22) of the experience smooth, pleasant, and trouble free.

Keep up the good work!

Yours sincerely,

Tina Simmons

20. (A) find (B) will find (C) found (D) would find
 21. (A) they (B) he (C) you (D) we
 22. (A) mention (B) style (C) symptom (D) aspect

III. Read the article and select the best answer for each question.

This year, the government will rely on nature for answers to their energy shortage. In a new initiative, wind is set to become an alternative source of energy.

Three new wind turbine facilities are estimated to generate a total of 1,000 megawatts (MW) of electricity. That's enough power to keep a city the size of Calgary lit up. One wind farm will be built in Manitoba and is projected to supply 400 MW of power, another near Thunder Bay, generating 250 MW, and 350 MW will come from the other in the eastern coastal region.

Opponents of the wind power projects – mainly people who live near the building sites – criticize the plan for many reasons, from bird safety to the destruction of natural landscapes. They also say wind is an unreliable source of energy. They point to a study showing that wind from a facility in Idaho produced only 25% of its estimated capacity.

But other studies show wind power will help alleviate electricity shortages that have paralyzed regions of Canada in recent years. Supporters say it's time to switch to a clean source of power that will help lower greenhouse gas emissions.

23. What is the main topic of this article?
 (A) Improving bird safety in cities (B) Developing a new energy source
 (C) Assessing the supply of oil and gas (D) Reducing a country's electricity use
24. What is NOT mentioned as a reason for opposing the project?
 (A) It will ruin an area's scenery. (B) It will be hazardous to animals.
 (C) Energy output will not be consistent. (D) Making turbines will be expensive.
25. What is an argument in favor of the project?
 (A) It will increase local employment. (B) It will reduce pollution.
 (C) It will be more cost-effective. (D) It will be financed by investors.

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26. 下列成語的使用，何者正確：
- (A) 「葉落知秋」，地球暖化提醒了世人大自然對環境的反撲
(B) 他待人處世總能「竭澤而漁」，對人網開三面，寬厚大度
(C) 學生按部就班學習，宛如「時雨春風」，能習得許多知識
(D) 唯有「膠柱鼓瑟」，方能通權達變，面對困難時知所進退
27. 下列楹聯的應用對象，何者「錯誤」：
- (A) 琴和瑟亦靜，花好月為圓：洞房
(B) 入門三步急，出戶一身輕：廚房
(C) 養心莫善寡欲，溫故乃能知新：書房
(D) 傳家有道惟忠厚，處世無奇但率真：大門
28. 下列何者描寫的主題為「送別」：
- (A) 天生我材必有用，千金散盡還復來
(B) 人生到處知何似，應是飛鴻踏雪泥
(C) 此情可待成追憶，只是當時已惘然
(D) 勸君更盡一杯酒，西出陽關無故人
29. 下列文句中，完全沒有錯字的是：
- (A) 真相未明之前，都宜噤口，以免眾口鑠金，反冤枉了好人
(B) 都到了含飴弄孫的年紀，真應該要少過問世事，安享餘生
(C) 他使出渾身解術，想要解決兩人的債務糾紛，卻弄巧成拙
(D) 那位和藹可親的老教授，對年輕學生噓寒問暖，關懷備至
30. 《老子·第13章》說：「寵辱若驚，貴大患若身。何謂寵辱若驚？寵為下，得之若驚，失之若驚，是謂寵辱若驚。」以上文意與下列何者相近：
- (A) 喜名者必多怨
(B) 名譽之美，垂於無窮
(C) 有不虞之譽，有求全之毀
(D) 患名之不立，不患年之不老
31. 關於正式書信寫作的「署名下敬辭」，下列何者「有誤」：
- (A) 長輩可用「敬上」
(B) 晚輩可用「手示」
(C) 平輩可用「謹上」
(D) 父母可用「頓首」
32. 下列詩句所描述的季節，請按照春、夏、秋、冬排列其順序：「甲、荷風送香氣，竹露滴清響。」
「乙、木欣欣以向榮，泉涓涓而始流。」
「丙、池寒稍下雁，木落久無蟬。」
「丁、明月照積雪，朔風勁且哀。」
- (A) 甲丁乙丙
(B) 乙甲丙丁
(C) 甲丙乙丁
(D) 乙丙丁甲
33. 如果要題贈畢業紀念冊的題辭，下列何者「不」適合：
- (A) 青雲直上
(B) 任重道遠
(C) 凌雲健筆
(D) 鵬翼搏風

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34. 《韓非子·喻老》：「有形之類，大必起於小；行久之物，族必起於少。故曰：『天下之難事必作於易，天下之大事必作於細。』是以欲制物者於其細也，故曰：『圖難於其易也，為大於其細也。』」文中強調「小與大」之間的關係，為下列何者：
- (A) 積小成大 (B) 小屈大伸
(C) 貪小失大 (D) 見小暗大
35. 《論語·子路》：「子曰：其身正，不令而行；其身不正，雖令不從。」本文旨在強調：
- (A) 身輕言微 (B) 獨善其身
(C) 身在江湖 (D) 以身作則
36. 以下詩句述及的對象，何者正確：
- (A) 六宮粉黛無顏色，春寒賜浴華清池：武則天
(B) 三分割據紆籌策，萬古雲霄一羽毛：諸葛亮
(C) 君子死知己，提劍出燕京。素驥鳴廣陌，慷慨送我行：聶政
(D) 嘗為彭澤令，在官才八旬。愀然忽不樂，掛印著公門：蘇軾
37. 《莊子·養生主》：「澤雉十步一啄，百步一飲，不斂奮乎樊中，神雖王，不善也。」本文旨在說明：
- (A) 生活環境宜整潔清爽，避免汙穢不利於養生
(B) 撲殺危害了生態平衡，宜尊重萬物生存權利
(C) 追求精神生命的重要，而不被物質生活所困
(D) 隱惡揚善寬容以面對，謙以待人能以和為貴
38. 「摹寫修辭」是透過身體不同的感官，對各種事物的描摹，可分為：視覺、聽覺、嗅覺、味覺、觸覺等五類。請問以下何者使用的摹寫修辭，與其他三者「不同」：
- (A) 江南可採蓮，蓮葉何田田
(B) 草色無空地，江流合遠天
(C) 水底遠山雲似雪，橋邊平岸草如煙
(D) 嘈嘈切切錯雜彈，大珠小珠落玉盤
39. 以下有關傳統「史書」的分類，下列何者正確：
- (A) 最早的「編年體史書」為《三國志》
(B) 《資治通鑑》是中國最早的「通史」
(C) 《臺灣通史》為「紀事本末體」的史書
(D) 中國第一本「紀傳體史書」為《史記》
40. 下列何者不是描摹聲音的狀聲詞：
- (A) 雄辯「滔滔」 (B) 磨刀「霍霍」
(C) 流水「潺潺」 (D) 「嘩剝」價響

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41. 下列各組「」內字詞的讀音相同的是：

- (A) 「瞠」目結舌 / 開「膛」破肚
 (B) 不「脛」而走 / 羊腸小「徑」
 (C) 眼花「撩」亂 / 一目「瞭」然
 (D) 穩操勝「券」 / 讀萬「卷」書

42. 下列有關學習的文句，何者說明了學習環境對於人的影響：

- (A) 書卷多情似故人，晨昏憂樂每相親
 (B) 人若志趣不遠，心不在焉，雖學無成
 (C) 與善人居，如入蘭芷之室，久而不聞其香，即與之化矣
 (D) 讀書不多，無以證斯理之變化；多而不求於心，則為俗學

43. 張潮《幽夢影》云：「藝花可以邀□，景石可以邀□，栽松可以邀□，貯水可以邀□，築臺可以邀□」，以上文人雅士欣賞之物，依序應填入者是：

- (A) 雲、萍、月、風、蝶
 (B) 萍、月、蝶、雲、風
 (C) 風、萍、蝶、月、雲
 (D) 蝶、雲、風、萍、月

寫作逼我必須理出頭緒。專欄文章或論文的初稿往往是作者既有知識的表達，呈現作者對特定主題的看法、作者所陳述的概念之間是否邏輯相通，以及作者是否能從掌握的事實中歸納出明確結論。無論你的身份為何，無論你投身政治界、商界、法律界，抑或身為歷史學家或小說家，寫作都能促使你為自己的想法進行篩選、化為有條有理的清晰表達。

【法理德·札卡瑞亞：《為博雅教育辯護·第三章，學習思考》】

44. 下列選項最合乎本文旨意的是：

- (A) 各行業的佼佼者，皆有寫作能力
 (B) 透過寫作，將有助於思考的訓練
 (C) 寫專欄或論文，可強化敘事技巧
 (D) 多思考，將使觀點與邏輯更縝密

本土藝術永遠是最可貴的。我覺得還應該更確切的地說：天下一切有創造性、獨特性的真正藝術，都屬於本土藝術。最優秀的本土藝術，都是某個族群裡的天才藝術家，秉承了他的民族文化傳統的精華，在他生存的時代環境裡，以他個人的獨特風格，表達了對宇宙人生深刻的體驗，表現了他所感受的悲哀與喜悅、痛苦與希望，而且在藝術上達到最高的成就，為全人類所共鳴。

【何懷碩：〈藝術上的「臺灣經驗」〉】

45. 本文旨意與下列選項最相近的是：

- (A) 藝術家鑄造文化傳統與生活經驗，以個人體悟創造出本土藝術
 (B) 藝術家的道德與人格，體現出一個本土藝術與時代的悲喜交織
 (C) 藝術家的最高成就是將本土藝術走向國際，還能回歸宇宙人生
 (D) 藝術家有與眾不同的感悟力，方能體會本土藝術的真諦與價值

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46. 文中提到「本土藝術」、「文化傳統」，下列敘述正確的是：

- (A) 本土藝術比文化傳統更貼近群眾
- (B) 文化傳統是本土藝術發展的養分
- (C) 本土藝術獨立於文化傳統而具有原創性
- (D) 文化傳統與本土藝術是宇宙人生的體現

草木鳥獸之為物，眾人之為人，其為生雖異，而為死則同，一歸於腐壞漸盡泯滅而已。而眾人之中，有聖賢者，固亦生且死於其間，而獨異於草木、鳥獸、眾人者，雖死而不朽，逾遠而彌存也。其所以為聖賢者，修之於身，施之於事，見之於言，是三者所以能不朽而存也。

【歐陽脩：〈送徐無黨南歸序〉】

47. 本文所言「是三者所以能不朽而存也」是指：

- (A) 立理、立行、立情
- (B) 立德、立功、立言
- (C) 立仁、立義、立禮
- (D) 立誠、立事、立語

48. 關於此文意涵，下列敘述正確的是：

- (A) 人與草木最終都將面臨死亡，泯滅而無存留於後
- (B) 草木之生也柔脆，故異於萬物而能與天地共生死
- (C) 聖賢善於修身養性，德照於世，所以能長生不老
- (D) 聖賢能己立立人，德惠於眾，故其精神歷久不衰

遲鈍的人說，文學必需靠天才，我既沒有天才，就生來與文學無緣，縱然努力，也是無補費精神。聰明人說：我有天才，這就夠了，努力不但是多餘的，而且顯得天才還有缺陷，正在它不費力而有過人的成就。這兩種心理都很普遍，誤人也很不淺。文學的門本是大開的。遲鈍者誤認為它關得很嚴密，不敢去問津；聰明者誤認為自己生來就在門裏，用不著摸索。他們都這樣懈怠下來，也同樣地被關在門外。

【朱光潛：《談文學·資稟與修養》】

49. 文中所言「聰明人」與「遲鈍的人」皆不能理解文學的理由是：

- (A) 「興趣多元」與「分心散漫」
- (B) 「不屑一顧」與「天生無緣」
- (C) 「自以為是」與「領悟不足」
- (D) 「過度自滿」與「缺乏自信」

50. 下列選項最合乎本文旨意的是：

- (A) 人的心理因素決定了如何閱讀的方法
- (B) 才能高低與學好文學，非成正比關係
- (C) 生命有限但知海無涯，掌握有限時機
- (D) 文學之門條件甚是嚴格，難以被開啟

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NO DICTIONARIES OF ANY TYPE ARE PERMITTED.

I. Vocabulary & Structure. Each of the following sentences is provided with four choices. Choose the one that best completes the sentence.

1. When Mary wasn't looking, her dog ____ some bread off the dinner table.
A. recognized B. glanced C. snatched D. declared
2. All of the ____ of this building are tired of the loud noises caused by the street construction.
A. residents B. subjects C. spectators D. contests
3. Please inform the supplier that our ____ is running low.
A. invention B. invitation C. inventory D. inventor
4. Once citizens hit the age of sixty-five they are able to receive an annual _____.
A. retirement B. pensioner C. annuity D. automobile
5. For the birthday party, we should ____ some steaks on the barbeque.
A. grill B. toast C. bake D. stir
6. If we do not ____ this problem, it will only get worse.
A. face B. concern C. interact D. address
7. I need a keyboard that is ____ with the latest gaming software.
A. compatibility B. comparable C. compatible D. compliment
8. The school is near my house, ____ it takes only 10 minutes to walk there.
A. and B. but C. so D. since
9. Social media communities, _____ Facebook and Instagram, allow people to interact with the public.
A. for example B. such as C. instead of D. like
10. Mary has two bags; one has a handle, and _____ has wheels.
A. every B. one C. another D. the other

II. Cloze. Each blank in the following passage is provided with four possible choices. Choose the best answer for each blank.

Did you know that honeybees speak different languages? Well, it's true. The earth's honeybees ____ (11) ____ to different parts of the planet around thirty million years ago. ____ (12) ____, they became nine separate species. It ____ (13) ____ that all of the species use special dances to communicate useful information. For example, the waggle dance and the figure eight dance ____ (14) ____ honeybees to tell other members of the hive where a food source can be found. And dialects of the honeybee "language" were formed ____ (15) ____ . There were similarities in the ways the European and Asian bees danced, researchers observed, but Asian bees danced longer ____ (16) ____ indicating distances. So the first time a European bee tried to explain where some nectar was, the Asian bees were slow to find the site. They got it on the second time, ____ (17) ____, suggesting that one bee species can learn the dialect of another much faster than humans can.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 11. A) scattered | B) spread | C) sneaked | D) shrugged |
| 12. A) Shortly | B) Previously | C) Additionally | D) Eventually |
| 13. A) happens to | B) makes sense | C) turns out | D) stands out |
| 14. A) allow | B) permit | C) reflect | D) prove |
| 15. A) by far | B) over time | C) in horror | D) in advance |
| 16. A) on behalf of | B) when it came to | C) as long as | D) in response to |
| 17. A) certainly | B) therefore | C) also | D) however |

III. Reading Comprehension. Answer the following questions based on the 2 passages below.

I. Cooking can be more dangerous than you think. Foods with trans fats are man-made and use a process that makes this kind of fat ideal for deep-frying and baking. The problem is that they are very unhealthy for you. Trans fats clog arteries and cause heart attacks. As a result, health officials are trying to ban these fats because they are too risky to eat. Besides being bad for your heart, trans fats also lead to problems like diabetes, excessive weight gain, and a poorly functioning liver. You can find trans fats in processed foods such as potato chips, cookies, and deep-fried fast food like chicken and fries. Traces of them can even be found in dairy and meat. Because they make food more flavorful, crispy, and lip-smacking good, they are still popular. Trans fats also have a longer shelf life compared to other sources of oil. But now that people have become more aware of the risks, companies, cities, and even countries around the world are starting to ban trans fats.

18. How is eating trans fats bad for a person's health?
- A. It slows down the heart.
 - B. It affects the rhythm of the heartbeat.
 - C. It makes a person less interested in exercise.
 - D. It blocks arteries and could cause heart failure.
19. What is NOT mentioned as an effect of eating trans fats?
- A. Gaining a lot of weight.
 - B. Lung problems.
 - C. Diabetes.
 - D. Liver problems.
20. Why do people like trans fats?
- A. They add a spicy and hot flavor to food.
 - B. They give people energy temporarily.
 - C. They make food taste really delicious.
 - D. They lower the price of food.
21. What do many health officials want to do about trans fats?
- A. Tell people to just eat a few trans fats.
 - B. Make it illegal to cook with them.
 - C. Only use them when refrigerators aren't around.
 - D. Only allow thin people to eat them.

II. The Nobel Prize is awarded to serious people in serious fields like literature, science, medicine, and world peace. So it may seem strange that the 2005 economics prize was awarded to

Robert J. Aumann and Thomas C. Schelling for something called game theory. Game theory may sound like child's play, but it's actually serious stuff. A branch of applied mathematics, it involves the analysis of conflicting interests in competitive areas, such as business, the natural world, and war. In short, game theory helps competitors make good decisions by analyzing all possible gains and losses, as well as possible actions and reactions of other competitors. Game theory was first applied to economics more than sixty years ago. It has created popular sub-theories, such as the Nash equilibrium. This theory was created by 1994 Nobel Laureate John Nash, whose life story was told in the Oscar winning film, A Beautiful Mind. Although Aumann and Schelling share the Nobel Prize, they have never actually worked together. Aumann, born in Germany, fled from the Nazis in 1938 and landed in America. In America he received a Ph.D. from MIT, where he studied with Nash. Aumann currently works at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem's Center for Rationality, which he co-founded in 1991. American-born Schelling received his Ph.D. from Harvard. He is a retired professor of foreign affairs, national security, nuclear strategy, and arms control at the University of Maryland. The two men use game theory quite differently. Aumann, a mathematician, uses game theory abstractly, such as for analyzing little known passages from the Talmud. Schelling, an economist, applies his theories to more practical issues like global warming and race relations. Despite these differences, they are both concerned with world peace. Contrary to popular opinion that war is madness, Aumann, whose son was killed in action, sees war as highly rational. Therefore, to prevent it, war should be studied scientifically, much like cancer. He argues that simplistic peacemaking might actually cause war, whereas credible threats and an arms race can prevent it. Schelling's influential 1960 work, The Strategy of Conflict, applied bargaining principles to military strategy. This influenced U.S. strategies to prevent nuclear war during the Cold War. Despite Aumann and Schelling's obvious interest in world peace, there are people who want the Nobel withdrawn. Some argue that Aumann, who has dual American and Israeli citizenship, uses his knowledge to defend Israel's occupation of Palestine. Some claim that Schelling influenced America's bombing strategies during the Vietnam War, which killed millions of Vietnamese. However, the Economist argues that the new Laureates have made important contributions to our understanding of conflict and cooperation. As such, the two men could have also won the Nobel Peace Prize.

22. Which is NOT an example given for things game theory can be applied to?
- A. War.
 - B. Business.
 - C. Chemistry.
 - D. The natural world.
23. What does game theory do?
- A. Allows the parties involved to decide the winner and loser before playing.
 - B. Helps competitors make good decisions by analyzing all possible gains and losses.

- C. Encourages peace by withdrawing from conflict.
- D. Encourages war by promoting the use of nuclear weapons.

24. What does Aumann compare war to?

- A. Madness.
- B. Nature.
- C. Games.
- D. Cancer.

25. What does Schelling apply game theory to?

- A. Race relations and global warming.
- B. Nuclear war.
- C. Passages of the Talmud.
- D. The Israeli-Palestinian conflict.

[This is the end of the examination.]

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- 26.()請問下列選項中所列之二字，何者字音相同？A.寔——瓊 B.蹙——恐 C.彤——丹 D. 楮——者
- 27.()請問下列選項中何者沒有錯別字？ A.老張的犯罪事項真的是罄竹難書 B.他為官清廉、光風霽月卻也兩袖清風 C.李生犯了好高騖遠、眼高手低的毛病 D.面對親友間的誹短流長，他也不以為意
- 28.()請問下列選項中何者沒有錯別字？ A.最近王姓富少的誹聞傳得沸沸揚揚 B.這場事故沒有人罹難真是不幸中的大幸 C.老李飛揚拔扈的樣子令人不以為然 D.他的所做所為令人怡笑大方
- 29.()小王喜獲麟兒，朋友們要祝賀小王，請問該用下列那個成語？A.弄璋之喜 B.華誕之慶 C.昌大門楣 D.金玉滿堂
- 30.()請問下列選項中的語詞，何者運用最恰當？ A.小張是個冷面笑匠，往往皮笑肉不笑 B.老師上課時老是明知故問地問同學問題 C.狡猾的歹徒於犯罪現場上故布疑陣，干擾執法人員調查 D.面對這段失而復得的感情，他顯得病不拘禮
- 31.()請問下列著作，其成書時代先後的正確排序是：(甲)四庫全書(乙)三國演義(丙)國語(丁)史記 A.丁甲丙乙 B.丙丁乙甲 C.甲乙丁丙 D.乙丙甲丁
- 32.()請問下列選項中所列著作，何者屬於中國古典小說？ A.老殘遊記 B.陶庵夢憶 C.浮生六記 D.幽夢影
- 33.()請問下列選項何者不屬於「六大才子書」？A.莊子 B.史記 C.李白詩 D.西廂記
- 34.()請問下列選項何者不屬於「詩六義」？A.賦 B.書 C.風 D.興
- 35.()請問下列選項中的古代文學家及其最出色的創作文體，何者正確？ A.司馬相如——小說 B.陶淵明——曲 C.李白——古文 D.李清照——詞
- 36.()請問下列選項中關於故事人物與著作的關係，何者敘述正確？A.林黛玉是《牡丹亭》的女主角 B.崔鶯鶯是《長生殿》的女主角 C.潘金蓮是《水滸傳》中的人物之一 D.范柳原是《柳毅傳》中的人物之一
- 37.()元好問〈論詩三十首〉其一云：「一語天然萬古新，豪華落盡見真淳。」請問此二句詩是在談哪位詩人？A.李商隱 B.孟浩然 C.白居易 D.陶淵明
- 38.()請問下列選項中，關於引號內文句季節的敘述，何者正確？ A.「夜來風雨聲，花落知多少」寫秋季 B.「忽如一夜春風來，千樹萬樹梨花開」寫春季 C.「未若柳絮因風起」寫冬季 D.「知否知否，應是綠肥紅瘦」寫夏季

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39. () 「我姊姊的大嘴巴說起話來真是驚天動地、看到男朋友就□□□□、用起錢來□□□□、找個東西□□□□、失戀了就□□□□，向我借錢時□□□□，現在她終於要出嫁了，我真是——□□□□。」請依序替引文的空格填入適當的字詞：A.求天拜地／歡天喜地／揮天霍地／謝天謝地／呼天搶地／翻天覆地 B.歡天喜地／揮天霍地／翻天覆地／呼天搶地／求天拜地／謝天謝地 C.揮天霍地／呼天搶地／求天拜地／翻天覆地／謝天謝地／歡天喜地 D.呼天搶地／翻天覆地／謝天謝地／揮天霍地／歡天喜地／求天拜地
40. () 文天祥〈《正氣歌》序〉：「當此夏日，諸氣萃然：雨潦四集，浮動床几，時則為□氣；塗泥半朝，蒸漚歷瀾，時則為□氣；乍晴暴熱，風道四塞，時則為□氣；檐陰薪爨，助長炎虐，時則為□氣；倉廩寄頓，陳陳逼人，時則為□氣；駢肩雜處，腥臊污垢，時則為□氣；或圍溷，或毀屍，或腐鼠，惡氣雜出，時則為□氣。」請依序替引文的空格填入適當的字詞：A.水、土、日、火、米、人、穢 B.日、水、米、土、人、火、穢 C.穢、米、土、水、日、人、火 D.人、火、土、水、日、米、穢
41. () 「匹練抹林，輕綃蔽日。籠樓台而隱隱，鎖洞壑以重重。潭影難窺，花枝半掩。樹若增□，山若增□，景若增□，路若增□。勝概之一助也。」請依序替引文的空格填入適當的字詞：A.深、遠、密、幽 B.遠、幽、深、密 C.遠、密、幽、深 D.密、深、幽、遠
42. () 承上題，就引文所敘寫之景，其題目當是？A.雨 B.夜 C.雪 D.霧
43. () 賀裳云：「小詞以含蓄為佳，亦有作決絕語而妙者。如韋莊『誰家年少足風流，妾擬將身嫁與一生休。縱被無情棄（一作惱），不能羞』之類是也。牛嶠『須作一生拚，盡君今日歡』，抑亦其次。柳耆卿『衣帶漸寬終不悔，為伊消得人憔悴』，亦即韋意而氣加婉矣。」請問下列選項對引文所述，何者正確？A.「含蓄」是詞家正宗 B.小詞中沒有直率的風格 C.小詞務以決絕語為佳 D.「即韋意而氣加婉矣」指韋優於柳
44. () 屈萬里云：「所謂原始資料，是當時的人所記載的當時文獻。而傳述資料，則是後人根據記載或傳說，所追述的前代文獻。就現在所能見到的有文字的先秦文獻而言，古器物的銘文，大都是原始資料；而在古書方面，則原始資料較少，傳述資料較多。」請問下列選項何者非原始資料？A.殷商甲骨文 B.西周青銅器銘文 C.戰國楚竹書 D.古文尚書
45. () 承上題，根據引文，請問下列選項所述何者正確？A.史事發生的時間和記錄的時間必定相同 B.史事發生的時間和記錄的時間不一定相同 C.史事發生的時間和記錄的時間應要求相同 D.史事發生的時間和記錄的時間一定不相同
46. () 王國維云：「研究古史最為糾紛之問題，上古之事，傳說與史實混而不分，史實之中，固不免有所緣飾，與傳說無異；而傳說之中，亦往往有史實為之素地，二者不易區別，此世界各國之所同也。」根據引文，請問下列選項何者為非？A.上古史實完全不可信 B.上古傳說全然可信 C.上古史實與傳說往往相混 D.上古時史實即傳說

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47. () 蘇軾〈范蜀公呼我卜鄰許下〉：「范蜀公呼我卜鄰許下。許下多公卿，而我蓑衣箬笠，放蕩於東坡之上，豈復能事公卿哉？居人久放浪，不覺有病；或持養，百病皆作。如州縣久不治，因循苟簡，亦曰無事。忽遇能吏，百弊紛然，非數月不能清淨也。要且堅忍不退，所謂一勞永逸也。」根據引文，請問蘇軾的狀態為何？A.曾居東坡 B.要居許下 C.百病纏身 D.不願退休
48. () 承上題，蘇軾的選擇為何？A.因循苟簡 B.務農為樂 C.拒絕入蜀 D.自由自適
49. () 《世說新語》：「王子猷居山陰。夜大雪，眠覺，開室命酌酒，四望皎然。因起徬徨，咏左思〈招隱〉詩，忽憶戴安道。時戴在剡，即便夜乘小船就之。經宿方至，造門不前而返。人問其故，王曰：『吾本乘興而行，興盡而返，何必見戴！』」請問王子猷呈現出的風格為何？A.得魚忘筌 B.隨心所欲 C.相濡以沫 D.冷眼相待
50. () 承上題，引文當屬《世說新語》何篇？A.豪爽 B.容止 C.識鑒 D.任誕

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